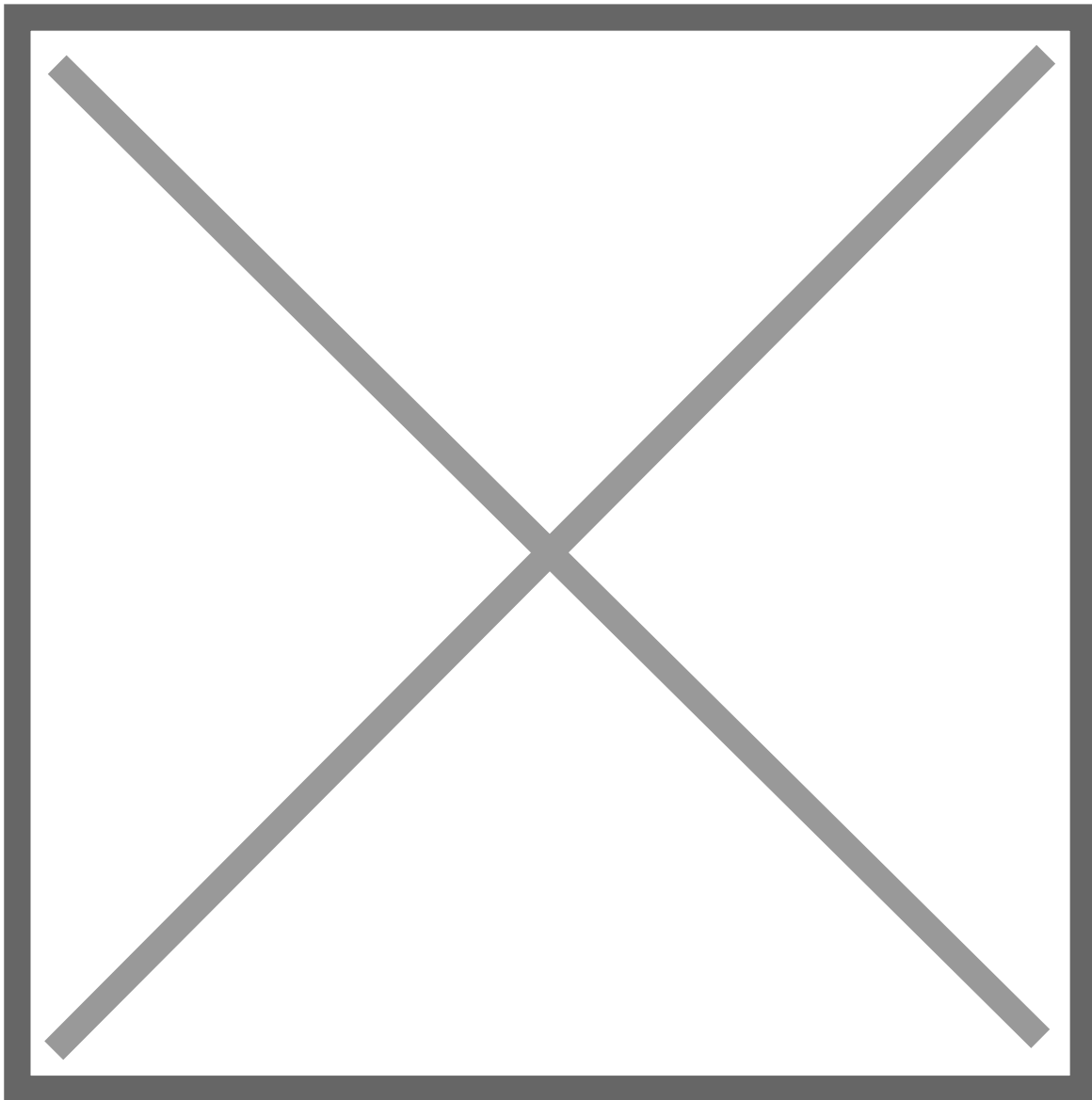


Exemplos | Examples

- Exemplo 1 | Example#1

Paciente masculino, 49 anos, com queixa de dor torácica, sem história prévia de comorbidades ou uso crônico de medicamentos. Ao ECG, apresenta ritmo sinusal (onda P positiva em DII, DIII e aVF) com frequência cardíaca de 43 bpm (<50 bpm), correspondendo a **bradicardia sinusal**.

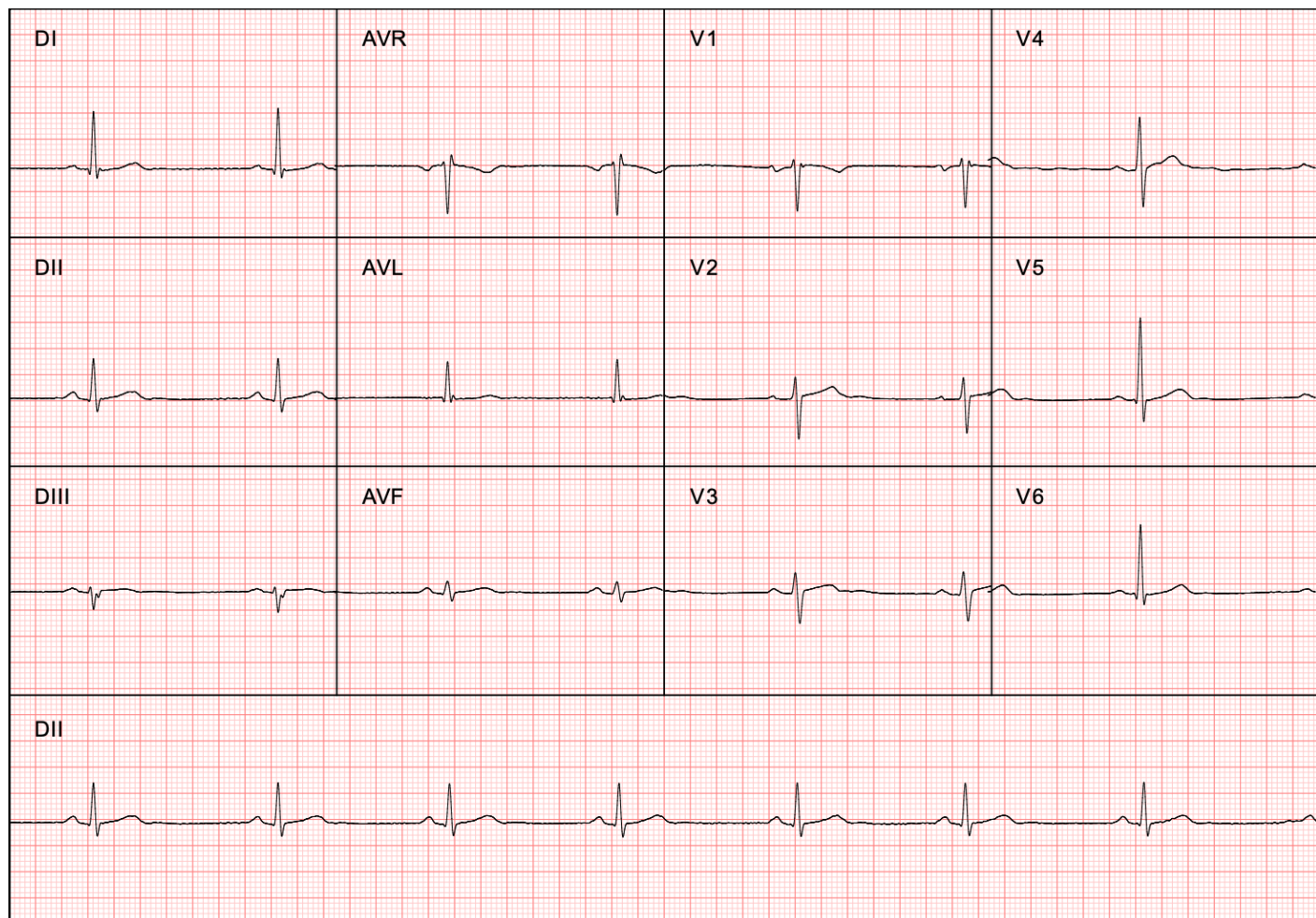
*49-year-old male patient presenting chest pain, without any previous history of comorbidities or chronic medication use. On ECG, tracing shows sinus rhythm (positive P wave in leads DII, DIII and aVF) with heart rate of 43 bpm (<50 bpm), corresponding to **sinus bradycardia**.*



- Exemplo 2 | Example#2

Paciente masculino, 32 anos, exame eletivo. Ao ECG, apresenta ritmo sinusal (onda P positiva em DII, DIII e aVF) com frequência cardíaca de 46 bpm (<50 bpm), correspondendo a **bradicardia sinusal**.

32-year-old male, undergoing elective examination. On ECG, tracing shows sinus rhythm (positive P wave in leads DII, DIII and aVF) with heart rate of 46 bpm (<50 bpm), corresponding to **sinus bradycardia**.



Revision #5

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